

Инициатива партнерства в области наук о Земле в Северной Евразии

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#### **Current NEESPI Activity in Ukraine**

#### **NEESPI/NASA** Project to be implemented in Ukraine since 2005:

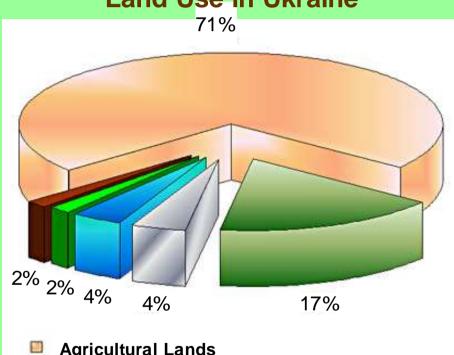
"Carbon, Climate and Managed Land in the Ukraine: Integrating Data and Models of Land Use for NEESPI." - Columbia University

"Study of Land Use/Land Cover Dynamics and the Carbon Cycle in the Temperate Zone of NEESPI: The Black Sea Region and China Department of Geography & Center for Remote Sensing." - Boston University

"Exacerbation of Carpathian and Appalachian Flooding Response Due to Land Cove/Land Use Change: A Comparative Study." - Appalachian Laboratory, Center for Environmental Science, University of Maryland (proposal is under development

#### Map on Agricultural Lands Based from Remote Sensing Data (1:200,000 scale)



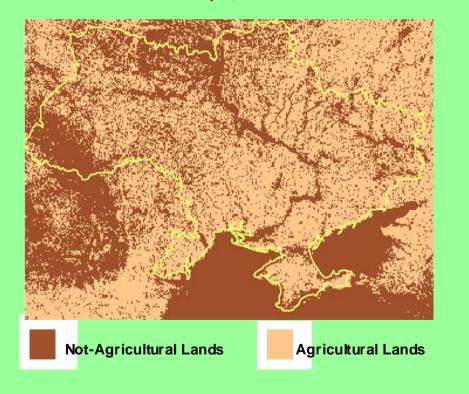


- **Lands Covered with Water**
- Lands Covered with Forests
- **Open Swampy Lands**
- **Build-up Lands**
- Other Lands

Source: State Statistics Committee of Ukraine, 2002

#### **Agricultural Lands (=Agro-Ecosystems)** of Ukraine Based on Six MODIS Images (2002).

Source: UNEP-GEF BINU Project, ULRMC









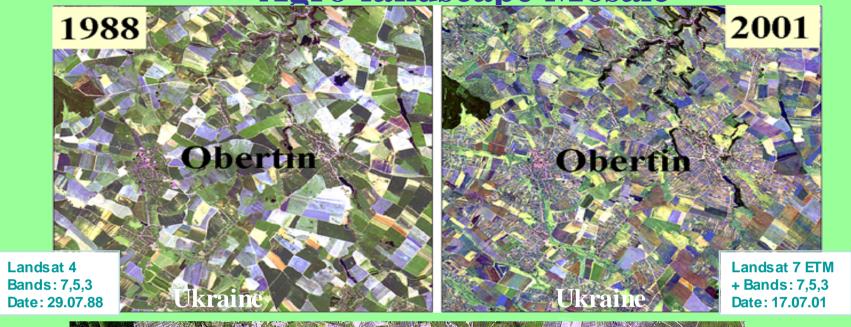






#### **Identification of Land Cover Changes and New**











# **Introduction:**

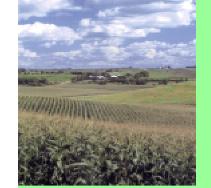


Research Goal: Quantify carbon dynamics over managed land in Ukraine, for the current period and up to 2030, as a function of agricultural land use.

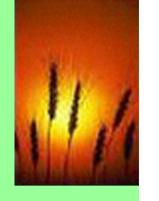
Methods and Tools: Analysis of observed and simulated data of agricultural systems focusing on crop and management factors relevant to carbon cycling:

1) Dynamic Crop models; 2) agro-ecological zoning; 3) experimental, statistical and remote sensing data sets.





### **Introduction:**



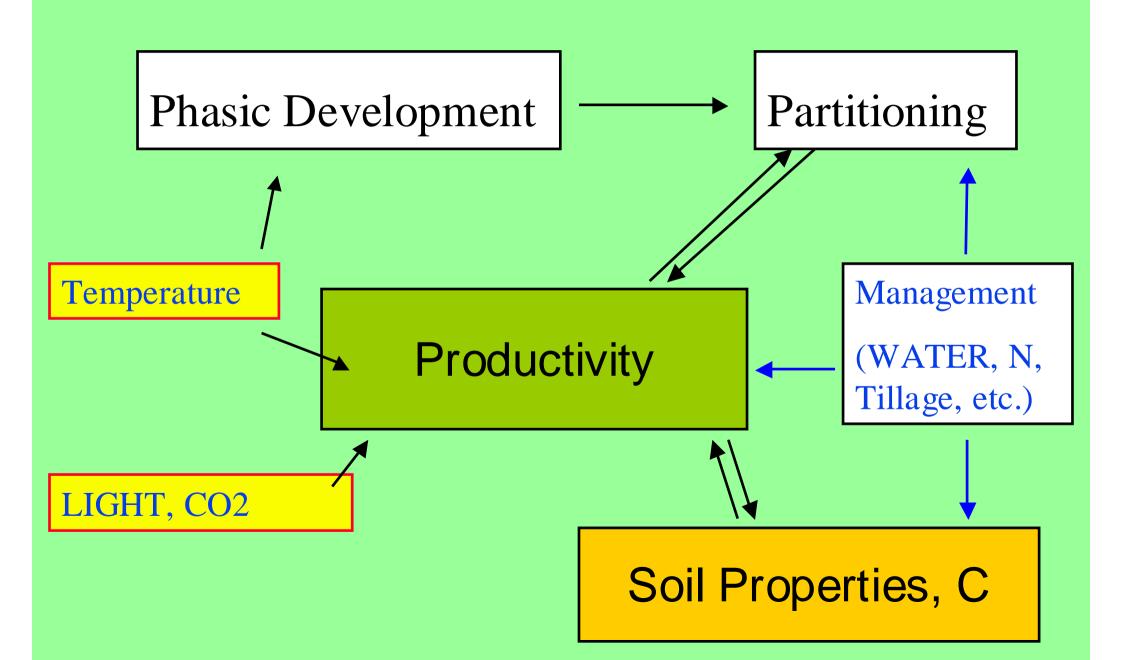
Research Activity: Land use for agriculture, climate variability and change in Ukraine.

Research Timelines: current, 1990-present; future, to 2030, 2050, 2080.

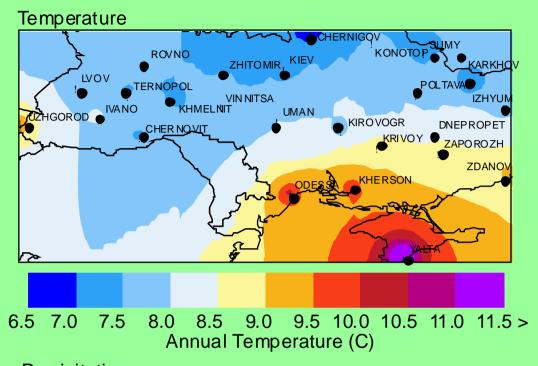
Technical Goal: Model agricultural systems focusing on crop and management factors relevant to carbon cycling.

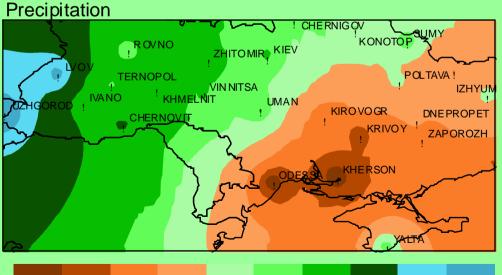


# Modeling Tools, From Site to Region: Dynamic Crop Models



#### **Dynamic Crop Models: 25 Sites**





Annual Precipitation (mm)

625

600

650

675 700 >

450 475

500

#### At each site:

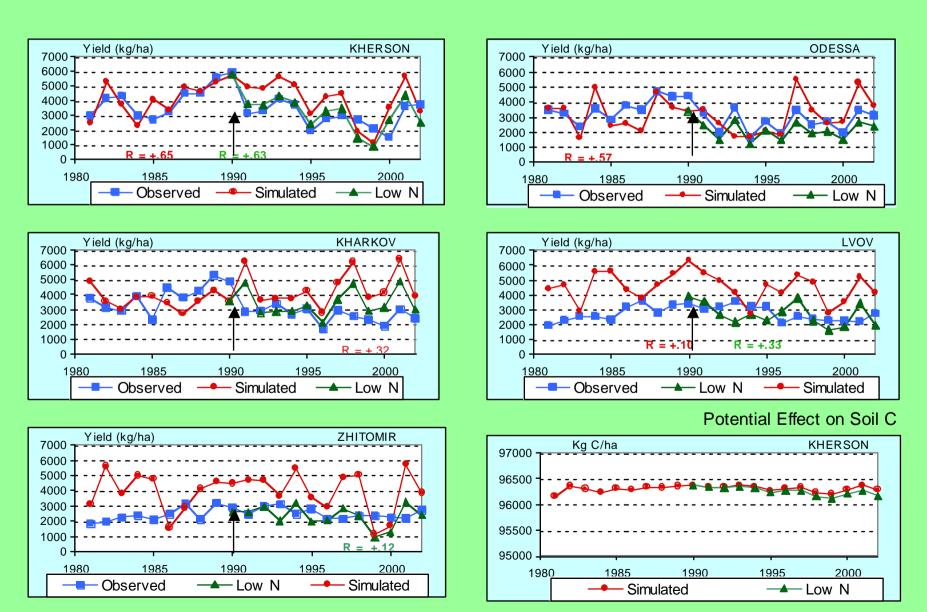
- -- Soil and climate data;
- -- Crop management data;

Winter Wheat, Maize, Potato, Sunflower, Rapeseed (for bio-energy)
(planting dates, N and water, cultivar

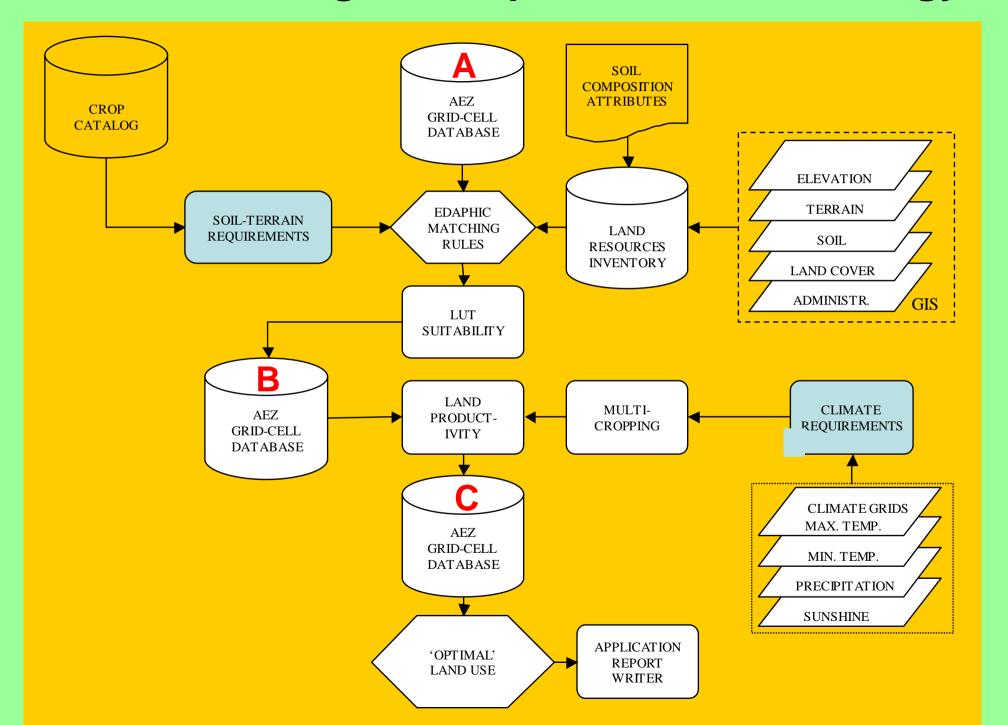
(planting dates, N and water, cultivar types, etc.)

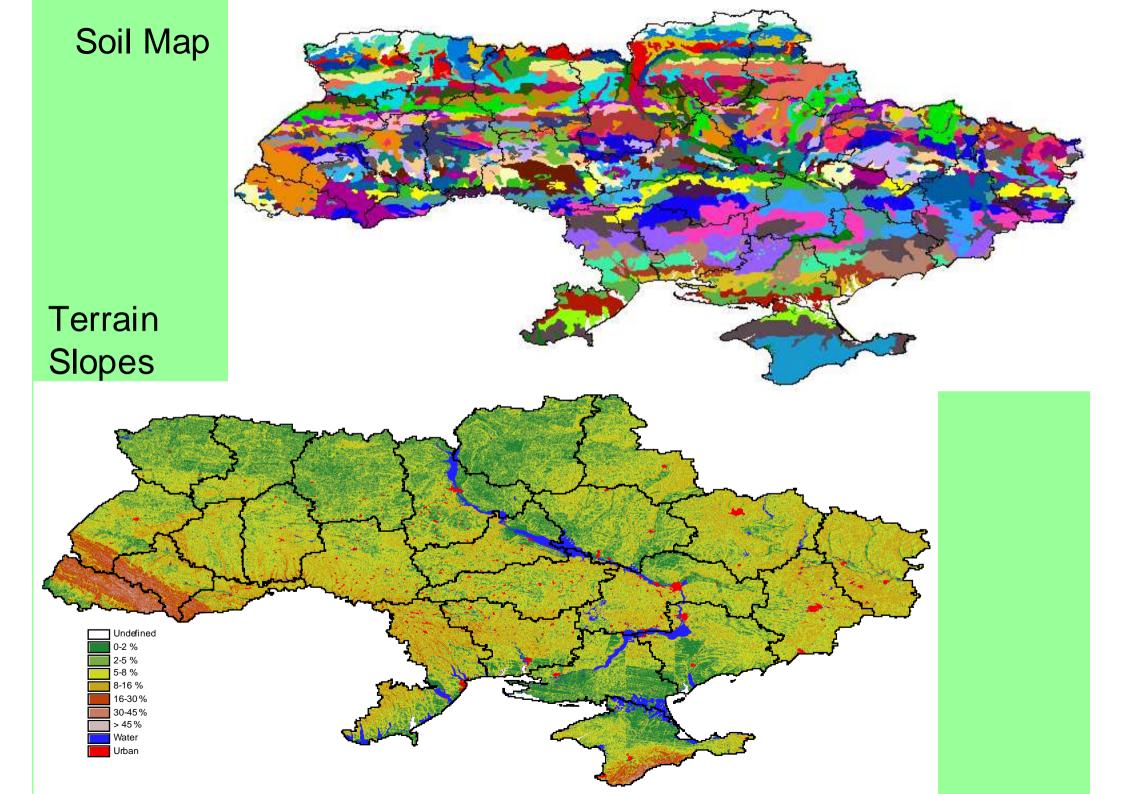
-- Site or rayon-level statistics

# Dynamic Crop Models: Evaluation, Winter Wheat Effects of 70% Reduction in N Fertilizer after 1990 From 100 to 30 kg N/ha



#### From site to Region: Steps in AEZ Methodology





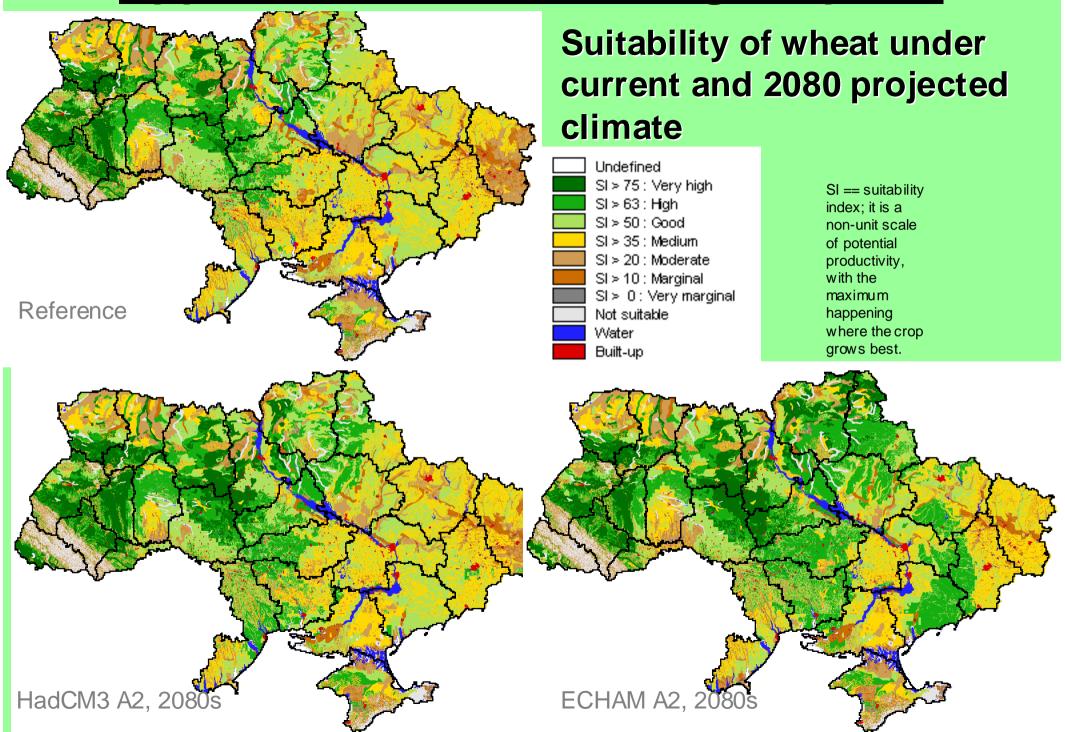
#### **Crop types in the study: Ukraine**

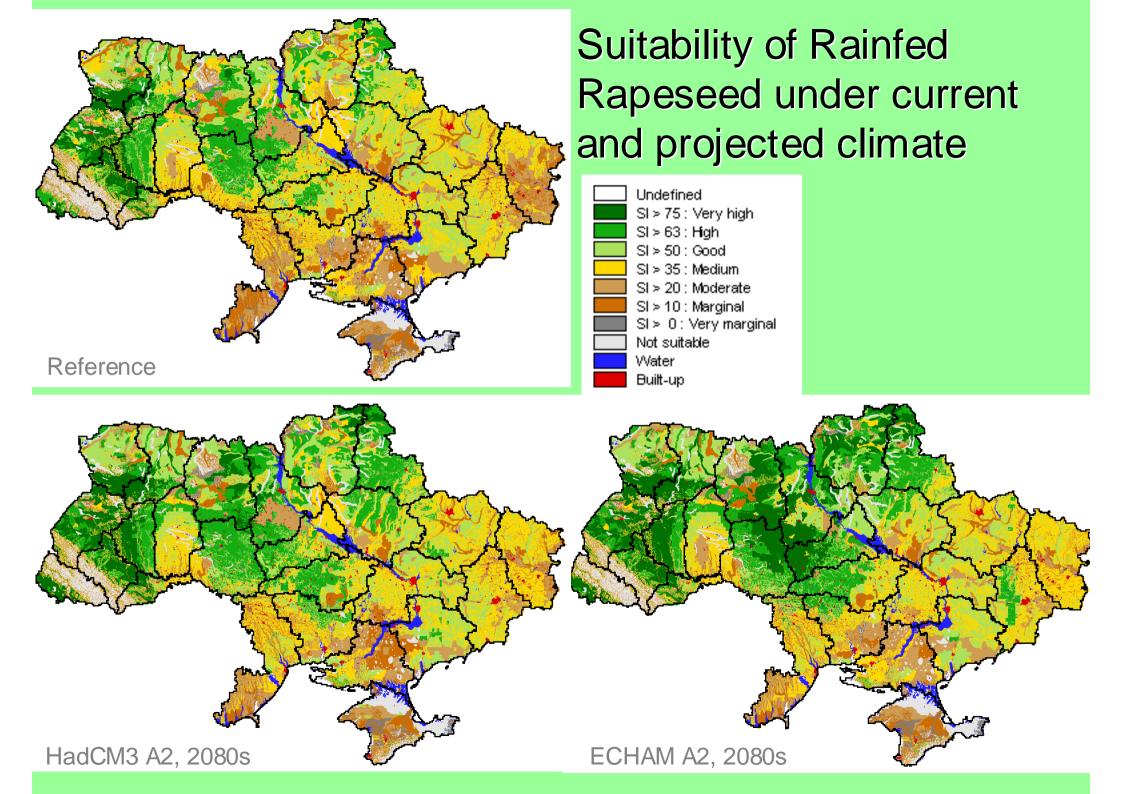
The selection of crops for the present Ukrainian AEZ study is based on the considerations listed below:

- a) the most significant crops in terms of sown (harvested) areas;
- b) importance of the crops for food security;
- c) economic effect (profitability) of the production of the crops;
- d) the world's and domestic trends of the economic development;
- e) National Programme of the Development of the Ukrainian Agricultural Sector

Crops types for AEZ study		
	Industrial crops	
2 (	Sugar beet	4
3 (	Sunflower	4
2	Soya	3
1	Rapeseed	4
4	Vegetables	
2	Cabbage	4
2	Tomato	4
3	Onion	4
<b>a</b> 4	Potato	4
2	Fodder crops	
3 (	Maize for silage	4
3	Alfalfa	1
79	Grass	3
	2 3 3 4 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Industrial crops  2 Sugar beet  3 Sunflower  2 Soya  4 Vegetables  2 Cabbage  2 Tomato  3 Onion  4 Potato  2 Fodder crops  3 Alfalfa

#### **Application: Climate Change Impacts**







# **Conclusions:**



Good Applicability of site crop models to Ukraine case studies

☐ Simulations can capture interannual variability and fertilizer-N shock signal after 1990 for productivity, maybe for soil C;

Agro-ecological zone model implemented for Ukraine: current, and future climates (2030, 2050, 2080).

Poor additional data for sites, although collection ongoing;

Remote sensing utilization main focus of next two years